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1 Mark R. Thierman, SB# 72913 Leon Greenberg, SB# 226253 THIERMAN LAW FIRM 7287 Lakeside Drive Reno, NV 89511 Telephone (775) 284-1500 4 Attorneys for Plaintiffs 5 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 6 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 7 DAVID HO, on behalf of himself Case No. 05-04867-JF/HRLand all others similarly situated and on behalf of the general public and DOES #1-20, PLAINTIFF'S THIRD MOTION TO 9 COMPEL PRODUCTION OF Plaintiffs, DOCUMENTS AND INFORMATION 10 FROM DEFENDANT PURSUANT TO F.R.C.P. RULE 37 11 -against-12 ERNST & YOUNG LLP 13 efendants. Hearing date: May 29, 2007
----X Hearing time: 10:00 a.m. Defendants. 14 15 TO ALL PARTIES AND THEIR ATTORNEYS OF RECORD: 16 17 PLEASE TAKE NOTICE, that the plaintiff, David Ho, hereby moves 18 this Court for an Order compelling the production of documents and 19 information from the defendant, Ernst & Young LLP, such motion to be 20 heard by the Honorable Howard R. Lloyd of this Court on May 29, 21 2007, at 10:00 a.m. 22 The plaintiff's motion seeks the production of documents 23 responsive to the plaintiff's Third Request for production of 24 documents and information responsive to the plaintiff's First Set of

The plaintiff's motion seeks the production of documents responsive to the plaintiff's Third Request for production of documents and information responsive to the plaintiff's First Set of Interrogatories. The disclosures being sought, as detailed in this motion, involve the work performed by the members of the putative plaintiff class and the identification of witnesses with knowledge relevant to the class certification issues in this case.

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MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES STATEMENT OF FACTS AND NATURE OF CASE

This is a putative class action case for unpaid overtime wages under California law. The defendant employed the plaintiff and numerous other similar persons (collectively the "class members") on a salary basis and often had them working in excess of 40 hours per week. Defendant did not pay overtime wages to the class members. Defendant maintains that its pay practices were proper because the class members were exempt from the overtime pay requirements of California law as salaried "professional" employees. The central issue in this case is whether the class members were properly treated by defendant as salaried overtime exempt professional employees.

ISSUES TO BE DECIDED, THE NATURE OF THE DISCOVERY SOUGHT, AND DEFENDANT'S OBJECTIONS

Plaintiff's Third Request for production of documents (Ex. "A", with defendant's response at Ex. "B") seeks the disclosure of documents that will assist in determining the nature of the work typically performed by the class members. As discussed, supra, whether the work typically performed by the class members was similar (or dissimilar) in nature is likely to bear on whether class certification is appropriate in this case. Plaintiff is requesting four sorts of documents that relate to this issue. Plaintiff's requests, recited in summary form, and defendant's verbatim responses, are:

Request 1: Seeks documents setting forth defendant's policies or suggestions of the sort of work that was intended to be given to (or not given to) class members. This request includes communications on the sort of work to be given (or not given) to the

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class members either from or to the persons managing them.

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Defendant produces no documents in response to this request (except for stating that it has previously produced unspecified documents that describe the individual plaintiff's job duties). It promises to provide "job description documents and evaluation forms" pertaining to certain class members (which it has not yet done) and makes the following objection to production:

Defendant objects to this Request on the ground that it is overbroad as to time and scope, unduly burdensome, and premature, including because a class has not been certified in this action. Defendant also objects to this request to the extent that it calls for documents that are protected by the attorney client privilege and/or work product doctrine. Defendant further objects to this Request on the ground that it is duplicative of Plaintiff's Request for Production No. 2 propounded in Plaintiff's Request for Production Set One. Defendant has already produced responsive documents that describe plaintiff's job duties. Defendant further objects to this Request on the ground that it is vague and ambiguous as to the terms "sort of work duties that either were, or should have been, or were not to be, or should not have been, performed by persons similarly situated to the plaintiff ans "work duties that were from, given to, or relied upon, by those employees of the defendant who were responsible for managing and/or giving work assignments to the persons similarly situated to the plaintiff.

Request 2: Seeks documents on the defendant's "utilization rate and return" for the class members. That term, which is defined in plaintiff's request, involves the defendant's practice of billing certain work time of the class members to its clients. The defendant, presumably, had guidelines describing what activities of the class members were appropriate to bill to its clients, and what were not. The defendant also presumably undertook studies or an analysis of what activities the class members were actually performing and were being billed to its clients and/or could perform and bill to its clients. Plaintiff seeks production of all such documents.

Defendant provides no documents in response to this request,

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but promises to provide a single non-privileged responsive document that "explains" the utilization rate (which it has not yet provided) and makes the following objection:

Defendant objects to this Request on the ground that it is vague and ambiguous as to the term "materials on the utilization rate and return". Defendant further objects to this Request on the ground that it is overbroad. Defendant also objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for documents that are protected by the attorney client privilege and/or work product doctrine.

Request 3: Seeks documents mentioning complaints that were made to the defendant about the nature of the work being performed by class members. The only complaints sought are those where it was alleged that the work given to such persons was of a rote, low level, or menial nature, or was otherwise inappropriate because based upon the education and/or experience of such persons the work they were given should involve more intellectual exertion.

Defendant produces no documents in response to this request and makes the following objection:

Defendant objects to this Request on the ground that it is overbroad as to time, unduly burdensome, lacks foundation, and is premature, including because a class has not been certified in this action. Defendant further objects to this request on the ground that it is compound and vague and ambiguous as to the phrase "the nature of the work performed by the persons similarly situated to the plaintiff was inappropriate and of a too menial or rote or low level basis, or was otherwise inappropriate, because such persons, based upon their education and/or experience and/or training and/or the representations made by defendant to such persons when they were hired by defendant, or for any other reason, should not be doing such work or that they should be doing work requiring more intellectual application or more non-repetitive mental exertion or the use of more independent judgement or discretion." Defendant further objects to this Request to the extent it seeks information, the disclosure of which would constitute an unwarranted invasion of the affected person's constitutional, statutory and common-law right of privacy and confidentiality. Defendant also objects to this request to the extent that it calls for documents that are protected by the attorney client privilege and/or the work product doctrine. In addition, Defendant objects to this Request to the extent that it assumes, without

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factual basis, that there is a "nature of work performed by the persons similarly situated to the plaintiff."

Request 4: Seeks documents mentioning complaints by defendant's clients that it was inappropriate to bill such clients for the work performed by class members. The only complaints sought are those where it was alleged, at least in part, that the nature of the work (tasks) performed by the plaintiff class members were not those that were appropriately billed to such clients.

Defendant produces no documents in response to this request and makes the following objection:

Defendant objects to this Request on the ground that it is overbroad as to time, unduly burdensome, lacks foundation, and seeks information not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence, including because a class has not been certified in this action. Defendant further objects to this request on the ground that it is vaque and ambiguous as to the phrase "the nature of such objections being, at least in part, that it was inappropriate to charge such clients for the time consumed by the persons similarly situated to the plaintiff performing such work because of the nature of the work (tasks) performed by such persons and upon which such client time billings (at least in part) were based." In addition, Defendant objects to this Request to the extent that it assumes, without factual basis, that "it was inappropriate to charge such clients for the time consumed by the persons similarly situated to the plaintiff performing such work" and that there exist "persons similarly situated to the plaintiff performing such work."

Plaintiff's first set of interrogatories (Ex. "C" with defendant's response at Ex. "D") requests that the defendant identify a certain limited number of persons (7 per interrogatory response) who have knowledge of the class members' typical work assignments and the defendant's hiring criteria for such persons. These requests consist of the following (there are multiple interrogatories that request the same information, but about different departments of the defendant's business):

Interrogatories 1 through 3 seek the identification of persons

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with the highest level of knowledge of the types of work typically performed by class members;

Defendant provides no response to these interrogatories but makes the following objection:

Defendant objects to this Interrogatory on the ground that it is overbroad as to scope and time and unduly burdensome to the extent that it seeks the names of seven individuals. Defendant further objects to this Interrogatory on the ground that it is vague and ambiguous as to the term "similarly situated to the plaintiff and who worked [in the specified department of the defendant]." Defendant is unaware of anyone who worked in [the specified department of the defendant] who is similarly situated to plaintiff, a Senior in International Tax. In addition, Defendant objects to this Interrogatory to the extent that it assumes, without factual basis, that there is "work typically performed or assigned to, or undertaken by" any group of persons. Defendant further objects to this interrogatory to the extent that it seeks information that would more properly be obtained by noticing depositions under Rule 30(b)(6).

Interrogatory 4 seeks the identification of persons with the highest level of knowledge of the types of work that were not, as a matter of policy, to be performed by class members (presumably these would be the same persons identified in response to interrogatories 1 through 3). Interrogatories 5 through 7 seek the identification of persons with the highest level of knowledge of the defendant's hiring criteria for the class members.

Defendant provides no response to these interrogatories but makes an objection identical in substance to its objection to interrogatories 1 through 3.

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ARGUMENT

I. WHY THE REQUESTED DISCOVERY SHOULD BE PRODUCED

A. The Court Must Allow Discovery Relevant
To Whether a Class Action Should be Certified

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 $(9^{th} Cir. 1977)$.

In a putative class action case discovery must be allowed of facts bearing on whether class action certification is appropriate. If such relevant facts are not already known it is likely an abuse of discretion for the District Court to deny such discovery. See, Yafee v. Powers, 454 F.2nd 1362, 1366 (1st Cir. 1972), cited by Kamm v. California City Development Co., 509 F.2d 205 (9th Cir. 1975). See, also, Doninger v. Pacific Northwest Bell, Inc., 564 F.2d 1304

B. Whether Class Action Certification is Proper In this Case Requires an Examination of the Common Circumstances of the Putative Class

A central issue in this case is the nature of the class members' work (i.e., was that work of a professional nature). The similarity or common nature of the work actually performed by the class members, and whether the class members had similar credentials or expertise that might qualify them as "professionals", significantly bears on whether this case should be certified as a class action. The circumstances of the putative plaintiffs must be sufficiently common as a class or it will not be possible to determine whether they as a class were entitled to overtime compensation (i.e., whether they did, or did not, as a class, perform "professional" work).

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C. The Documents Requested by Plaintiff Will Assist in Determining the Nature of the Work Actually and Commonly Performed by the Class Members

Defendant's Operational (Policy) Documents and Communications About The Sort of Work Performed by Class Members are Highly Relevant

Plaintiff's document request #1 is intended to result in the production of defendant's operating documents discussing the sort of work given (or not to be given) to class members. This would include defendant's policy statements (such as a "do's and don'ts" list) given to its supervisors regarding the sort of work assignments appropriate for class members. It would also include memoranda or written suggestions or other communications from, or to, such supervisors about what types of work should, or should not, be given to the class members.

Defendant's promise to provide "job description documents and evaluation forms" is only marginally responsive to this request. What a job may be "described as" could well be quite different than what work the job actually entailed. The guidelines or operational statements used by the defendant's supervisors in assigning the class members' work (or communications from or to such supervisors on that subject) will tell a great deal about what sorts of work the class members were actually performing.

> Defendant's Documents Relating to its ii. Billing of Clients for the Class Members' Work Time (the "Utilization Rate and Return") are Highly Relevant

Plaintiff's document request #2 is intended to result in the production of information detailing the class members' common activities (if any) that were billed to defendant's clients. Defendant would bill its clients for large amounts of time that was

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worked by class members. This was an important source of revenue for the defendant which evaluated class members' "utilization rate", i.e., the proportion of their total work time that was spent on activities that the defendant billed to its clients. When two class members worked an equal number of hours the one with the higher utilization rate was generating more revenue for the defendant. The defendant was concerned about enhancing its revenue and maintaining a high utilization rate for the class members. In conjunction with its interest in maximizing the class member's utilization (and revenue generation) it is apparent that the defendant must or may have among other things:

- Had guidelines specifying what sorts of activities of class members were properly characterized as "billable" to clients and what sort of activities should not be considered billable activities;
- Had formats or suggested characterizations that plaintiff class members were to use in describing either their billable or non-billable activities;
- Engaged in studies or analysis of what sort of activities the class members were actually performing so as to enhance its understanding of what those activities were and how it could increase the billable time (utilization rate) of the class members;
- Engaged in studies or analysis of how it could expand the amount of billable time worked by class members, including by characterizing certain "non-billable" activities as "billable" activities or by transferring certain functions to class members that

were otherwise performed by personnel whose time was not billed to defendant's clients;

Set forth suggestions or orders to its supervisory staff about making changes to class members' activities and the time billing associated with such activities.

Defendant's promise to provide a document that "explains the utilization rate" is not responsive to this request. The relevancy of this discovery is not limited to the utilization rate itself (either how it is determined or what a class member's utilization rate was) but what it will explain about the actual activities of the class members.

iii. Defendants' Documents Detailing Complaints About the Rote, Menial or "Non-Billable" Nature of the Work Performed by Class Members are Highly Relevant

Plaintiff's document requests #3 and #4 are intended to result in the production of complaints by class members about their menial or low level (not intellectually challenging) work activities and complaints by defendant's clients that the billed time of class members was not properly billable owing to the nature of the work performed. Defendant is refusing to produce any documents in response to these requests.

The requested documents will furnish information about the common nature (if any) of the work performed by class members. The presence of repeated, or extensive, complaints that class members were performing menial or not properly "billable" work may well support a conclusion that such sorts of work were common among the class members.

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D. Defendant's Objections to Producing The Requested Documents are Improper

Defendant's unfounded objections to producing the documents requested by the plaintiff are:

- "Overbroad as to time and scope" These documents are sought for the relevant class claims period, their relevancy is clear and this objection has no basis.
- "Unduly burdensome" This claim is completely unsubstantiated. Defendant has produced no substantially responsive documents whatsoever. Nor has it provided any information on what effort it has made to locate the documents that are being sought. As the party resisting the production of relevant discovery it is defendant's heavy burden to establish that such production should be excused for this reason. See, Blakenship v. The Hearst Corporation, 519 F.2d 418, 429 (1975), <u>In re Syncor ERISA Litiq.</u>, 229 F.R.D. 636, 643 (N.D. Cal. 2005), and numerous other cases. See, also, Cobb v. Danziq, 190 F.R.D. 564, 566 (S.D. Cal. 1999) (Even if "good cause" is shown in compliance with Blakenship for not producing the discovery at issue the Court must still "balance the competing interests of allowing discovery and the relative burdens to the parties.")
- "Lack of foundation and premature, including because a class has not been certified" - This claim is specious. The materials are sought because they are relevant to class certification. That those

materials may also be relevant to the merits of the plaintiff's case are irrelevant and the materials must be produced because of their manifest relevancy to the class certification issue. See, Babbit v.

Albertson's, Inc., No. C-92-1883 SBA (PJH), 1992,
U.S. Dist. LEXIS 19091 at *7 (N.D. Cal. Nov. 30, 1992) citing Harriss v. Pan American World Airways,
Inc., 74 F.R.D. 24, 36 (N.D.Cal. 1977), holding that certain discovery will often be relevant to both class certification issues and the ultimate merits of the parties' claims.

- "Attorney client privilege and/or work product doctrine" - These claims are totally unsubstantiated. No privilege log is provided. On their face these claims are clearly inappropriate, the requested materials are operational documents (policy guidelines or communications, operational studies done by defendant to assist in enhancing its business revenue and so forth). No request is made for counsel/client restricted communications or documents prepared for litigation.
- "Vague and ambiguous" There is nothing vague or ambiguous about any of the plaintiff's requests. The materials sought in the requests are clearly stated, and certain terms ("utilization rate and return" and "persons similarly situated to the plaintiff") are explicitly, and in detail, defined in the requests.
- Request #3 is improper because it assumes "there is a nature of work performed by persons similarly

nonsensical. There is, of course, a "nature" (i.e., kind) of work performed by such persons. Whether that "nature" (kind) of work is common, or very different, among all such persons is not assumed. All that is sought is information on the "nature" of the work (kind of work) actually performed by such persons, no assumption is made that such work was "common in nature" among such persons.

- Request #4 is improper because it assumes "it was inappropriate to charge such clients for the time consumed by the persons similarly situated to the plaintiff performing such work" and it assumes there exist "persons similarly situated to the plaintiff performing such work." No such assumptions are made. This request only seeks the production of complaints making such allegations. It neither assumes such complaints are valid nor asks the defendant to concede their correctness.
- Request #3 is improper because it seeks the production of documents that would constitute an "unwarranted invasion of the affected person's privacy" Presumably defendant is referring to the supposed privacy interest of the class member making a complaint that their work was of a rote or menial nature. This objection is baseless and all documents produced can be designated as confidential by the defendant (See Docket #35) which would prevent their disclosure to anyone.

E. The Interrogatory Requests Made by Plaintiff are Proper

Plaintiff's interrogatories seek the identification of those persons the defendant believes are the most knowledgeable witnesses on A) The sort of work activities performed by (and not performed by) class members and B) The defendant's hiring qualifications for class members. The relevance of these witnesses' knowledge to the class certification issues is twofold. They can give relevant testimony on the commonality or lack thereof of the class members' work. They are also the most knowledgeable persons regarding the defendant's hiring criteria. This is relevant to class certification as the common (or disparate) nature of the class members' qualifications (such qualifications bearing on the "professional worker" exemption) may favor (or disfavor) the class certification of this case.

Plaintiff seeks to have the defendant make some identification of the persons it believes have the most knowledge of theses relevant issues. Such identification will allow the plaintiff to conduct depositions accordingly and also prevent any unfair surprise by the defendant later introducing testimony from witnesses who it claims are more, or equally, knowledgeable about these issues.

F. Defendant's Objections to Providing the Requested Interrogatory Responses are Improper

Defendant's unfounded objections to the plaintiff's interrogatories essentially mirror their baseless document production objections and also raise the following baseless objections:

• The defendant is "unaware of anyone similarly situated to the plaintiff a Senior in International Tax" presumably because defendant also finds that the

term "similarly situated to the plaintiff" is "vague and ambiguous." There is no basis for this objection. The persons "similarly situated" for which information is sought are precisely defined in the plaintiff's request. (Ex. "C", ¶ 12). That definition is quite detailed and describes such persons by their salary compensation status and the defendant's own classification of such persons by particular job titles. There is nothing vague or ambiguous about who the "similarly situated" persons are for which information is sought.

- of any "work typically performed" by class members.

 The defendant needs to identify those persons who have knowledge of whatever work was "typically"

 (i.e., was performed most frequently) by class members. If that sort of work was uncommon, and diverse in nature, then such persons will know that the "typical" work performed consisted of many different things (i.e., "typical work" does not necessarily mean the same sorts of work)
- The information may be more properly obtained by noticing depositions under Rule 30(b)(6). This is incorrect, as the only information sought is the identification of the most knowledgeable witnesses.

 That is the explicit purpose of interrogatories.

 Plaintiff should not be required to conduct a deposition of the person(s) with the "most knowledge about who defendant believes are the most

knowledgeable witnesses" simply to obtain the identity of such witnesses.

"Unduly burdensome to the extent it seeks the names of seven individuals" - The plaintiff's requests specify that defendant can identify any seven persons with equal levels of knowledge as long as it believes such persons each have the highest level of responsive knowledge. If the defendant does not believe that even seven persons have any responsive knowledge it must, of course, only identify the number of persons (one, two, three, etc.) that it believes have such knowledge.

II. COMPLIANCE WITH LOCAL COURT RULES 37-2 AND 37-1(A)

Pursuant to Local Rule 37-2 the moving party who seeks to compel discovery must detail both the reason why it believes the discovery should be compelled and how the proportionality and other requirements of FRCP Rule 26(b)(2) are satisfied. Plaintiff submits that it has done so. The discovery sought is highly germane to determining the common nature (or lack thereof) of the class members' work and their qualifications, important issues bearing on whether class certification should be granted. There are no better sources from which to obtain such information and the information is not duplicative or cumulative of any other discovery in this case. The burden or expense of producing the information is slight.

Pursuant to Local Rule 37-1(a) counsel must make a good faith effort to confer and resolve discovery issues prior to making a motion to compel. Compliance with that rule is documented in Ex. "E".

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CONCLUSION For all of the foregoing reasons, the Court should grant the plaintiff's motion in full and enter the proposed Order submitted by plaintiff's counsel. Dated this 24th day of April, 2007 By:____/s/ Leon Greenberg, Esq. THIERMAN LAW FIRM 7287 Lakeside Drive Reno, NV 89511 (775) 284-1500 Attorney for Plaintiff

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EXHIBIT "A"

EXHIBIT "A"

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1 Mark R. Thierman, SB# 72913 Leon Greenberg, SB# 226253 THIERMAN LAW FIRM 7287 Lakeside Drive Reno, NV 89511 Telephone (775) 284-1500 4 Attorneys for Plaintiffs 5 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 6 7 DAVID HO, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated and on behalf of the general public and DOES #1-20,

Case No. 05-04867-HRL

Plaintiffs,

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-against-

ERNST & YOUNG LLP

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Defendants.

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Pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure § 34 and the Local Rules of this Court plaintiffs request that the defendants produce the following items within 30 days of the service of this request or within such other time frame allowed by said Rule at the Law Office of Leon Greenberg, Professional Corporation, attorney for plaintiff, at 633 South 4th Street, Suite 9, Las Vegas, Nevada, 89101, for inspection and

PLAINTIFF'S THIRD REQUEST FOR THE PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS

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produce the original items for production and copying they need to

contact plaintiff's counsel to confirm their appearance on such date

producing such items for inspection and copying, the production of

copies of such items which such defendants can produce and/or have

copying. This request seeks in the first instance, in lieu of

delivered on or before such date. If such defendants wish to

with such items and/or to arrange another mutually convenient date

for such production.

INSTRUCTIONS AND DEFINITIONS

- 1. These requests should be considered to be continuing, and supplemental answers should be served as further information becomes available pursuant to Rule 26(e) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
- 2. In complying with this Request for Production of Documents, you are required to produce all documents specified herein that are in your possession, custody or control or which are otherwise available to you.
- 3. If any request herein cannot be complied with in full, it shall be complied with to the extent possible with an explanation as to why full compliance is not possible.
- 4. With respect to each document or communication that is responsive but is withheld, the following additional information shall be provided:
 - a) the grounds asserted supporting the failure to produce;
- b) the factual basis for a claim of privilege and/or confidentiality;
- c) the subject matter, date, author, recipient, addressee and number of pages;
- d) the subject matter, date, parties and medium for each communication;
- e) the current or last known location of the document;
- f) the current or last known person retaining the document.
- 5. If a requested document cannot be located, then identify such document by setting forth:

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- a) the last known person retaining the document;
- b) whether the document is lost and the efforts made to locate the lost document;
- c) whether the document was destroyed or discarded and the date, manner, reason and person responsible for such action; and
- d) a statement describing the document, including a summary of its contents, the author and the persons to whom it was sent or shown.
- 6. If any documents which contained responsive information no longer exist, identify each by setting forth:
 - a) all the information contained in the document;
 - b) the type of document (e.g., letters or memoranda);
 - c) the time period when the documents were maintained;
- d) all persons who have or had knowledge of the contents of the documents;
 - e) the circumstances of the loss or destruction; and
- f) all persons who have knowledge of the loss or destruction.
- 7. If any identified document is subject to destruction under any document retention or destruction program, the document(s) should be exempted from any scheduled destruction until the conclusion of this lawsuit or unless otherwise permitted by the Court.
- 8. Separate responses should be given to each document request. If a document is responsive to more than one request, additional copies are not needed, but the subsequent responses should identify the request for which the document was produced.
- 9. The source or sources of each document produced shall be specifically identified.

- 10. Please produce clear and legible copies of the originals of all documents requested, as well as any and all copies of such original documents that bear any mark or notation not present on the original.
- 11. If in answering these requests, you claim any ambiguity in interpreting either the request or a definition or instruction applicable thereto, such claim shall not be utilized by you as a basis for refusing to respond, but there shall be set forth as part of the response the language deemed to be ambiguous and the interpretation chosen or used in responding to the request.
- 12. Unless otherwise specified, the time period covered by these demands is January 1, 2001 to the present.
- 13. The plural and singular tense shall be deemed to be used throughout these demands and definitions and responses shall be made as if demands were made in both the plural and singular tense regardless of how such demands are actually worded herein.
- 14. The conjunctive and disjunctive tense ("and/or") is to be deemed used throughout these demands and definitions and defendants should respond to all demands as if they are made in both the conjunctive and disjunctive tense except in respect to those demands which clearly qualify a demand by using the conjunctive tense to narrow the scope of the material sought.
- 15. The term "Defendants" refers to all defendants represented by the law office(s) receiving this request.
- 16. In the event that any documents requested for production herein exist in electronic (be it database, word processing, or other computer software) form, or were generated from such electronic form, please specify the electronic form for each document produced.

- 17. In the event the documents to be produced in response to these requests exceed 500 pages, and the documents to be produced, or some of them, exist in electronic (be it database, word processing, or other computer software) form, or were generated from such electronic form, the production of such documents in their electronic form (and not in paper form) is requested and please contact plaintiff's counsel to make arrangements for the production of such documents in electronic form.
- 18. If a request seeks documents containing information that has not been compiled or organized by the defendants in the exact form requested, but the information requested exists in an electronic form from which such document(s) can be produced, a complete copy of such electronic form (database) can be produced in lieu of the specifically requested documents.
- 19. Persons "similarly situated" to the plaintiff, for the purpose of these requests, means:
- a) Persons employed by defendant in the State of California at anytime during the four years preceding the commencement of this action to the date of the defendant's response to these requests and who were paid on a salary basis (the term "salary basis" means they were not paid a fixed amount of compensation for each hour or portion thereof worked) and;
- b) Were classified or denominated as working in non-management positions described by "Department" or "Unit" or other office (such being Tax, Audit or another unit, department, or office) and "Staff 1" or "Staff 2" or "Staff 3" or "Senior 1" or "Senior 2" or "Senior 3" or "Financial Management Associates"
- 20. "Client time billing" for the purpose of these requests means the practice of billing defendant's clients for the time

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consumed performing particular tasks by persons similarly situated to the plaintiff.

21. "Materials on the utilization rate and return" for the purpose of these requests means:

All materials that deal with any aspect of the revenue either generated or that was contemplated or proposed to be generated by charging clients of the defendant for the time spent by persons similarly situated to the plaintiff on particular tasks (i.e., all materials relating to or dealing with "client time billing"). This includes, but is not limited to, all materials detailing the utilization percentage (the percent of their total work time that was billed to defendant's clients) of such persons; all materials detailing the total amount of work time of each and all such persons billed by the defendant to the defendant's clients; all materials setting forth either suggested or possible or contemplated or implemented policies or practices to increase the amount of time billed to defendant's clients by such persons; all materials setting forth what tasks of such persons were or should be properly billed to the defendant's clients; all materials setting forth what tasks of such persons were not billed or should not be billed to defendant's clients; all materials setting forth either suggested or mandatory or preferred ways of characterizing or describing the work performed by such persons that was billed to defendant's clients; all materials discussing whether certain tasks performed by defendant's employees who were not similarly situated to the plaintiff, and whose time was not billed to the defendant's clients, either could or should or should not be assigned to the persons similarly situated to the plaintiff and the time spent by such persons on such tasks should be billed, or not billed, to the

defendant's clients; all materials setting forth or identifying or proposing additional tasks that could be the subject of client time billing by persons similarly situated to the plaintiff; all materials setting forth required, suggested, preferred or desired minimum levels (however expressed) of time that such persons similarly situated to the plaintiff should bill to defendant's clients; all instructions, suggestions or other communications to the persons responsible for managing or giving work assignments to the persons similarly situated to the plaintiff on what minimum levels of client time billing should be maintained by the persons similarly situated to the plaintiff and/or how to increase the amount of client time billing by such persons and/or any statements regarding such persons similarly situated to the plaintiff failing to generate a sufficient level of client time billing.

DOCUMENTS TO BE PRODUCED

- 1. Produce all documents that were used by the defendant that set forth (either as actual operating practices or suggested guidelines or practices) the sort of work duties that either were, or should have been, or were not to be, or should not have been, performed by persons similarly situated to the plaintiff. This request includes, but is not limited to, all memorandums, policy statements, instructions, or other documents or communications mentioning such work duties that were from, given to, or relied upon, by those employees of the defendant who were responsible for managing and/or giving work assignments to the persons similarly situated to the plaintiff.
- 2. Produce copies of all "materials on the utilization rate and return."

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3. Provide copies of all documents mentioning complaints made							
to the defendant that the nature of the work performed by the							
persons similarly situated to the plaintiff was inappropriate and of							
a too menial or rote or low level basis, or was otherwise							
inappropriate, because such persons, based upon their education							
and/or experience and/or training and/or the representations made by							
defendant to such persons when they were hired by defendant, or for							
any other reason, should not be doing such work or that they should							
be doing work requiring more intellectual application or more non-							
repetitive mental exertion or the use of more independent judgement							
or discretion.							

4. Produce copies of all documents setting forth instances where defendant's clients objected to client time billings, the nature of such objections being, at least in part, that it was inappropriate to charge such clients for the time consumed by the persons similarly situated to the plaintiff performing such work because of the nature of the work (tasks) performed by such persons and upon which such client time billings (at least in part) were based.

Dated: Clark County, Nevada March 1, 2007

Respectfully submitted,

Leon Greenberg, Esq.
LEON GREENBERG PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION
THIERMAN LAW FIRM
Attorney for the Plaintiffs
633 South 4th Street - Suite 9
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

(702) 383-6085

Nevada Bar Number: 8094

EXHIBIT "B"

1 2 3 4 5 6	CATHERINE A. CONWAY (SBN 98366) GREGORY W. KNOPP (SBN 237615) S. ADAM SPIEWAK (SBN 230872) AKIN GUMP STRAUSS HAUER & FELD LLP 2029 Century Park East, Suite 2400 Los Angeles, California 90067-3012 Telephone: 310-229-1000 Facsimile: 310-229-1001 cconway@akingump.com gknopp@akingump.com aspiewak@akingump.com aspiewak@akingump.com							
8	Attorneys for Defendant, ERNST & YOUNG LLP							
9	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT							
10	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA							
11	SAN JOSE DIVISION							
12	DAVID HO, on behalf of himself and others Case No. CV 05-04867 JF							
13	similarly situated and on behalf of the general public and DOES 1-20							
14	Plaintiff,	[Assigned for all purposes to the Honorable Jeremy Fogel, Department 3]						
15	V.							
16	ERNST & YOUNG LLP	DEFENDANT ERNST & YOUNG LLP'S RESPONSES TO PLAINTIFF'S						
17	Defendant.	REQUESTS FOR PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS (SET THREE)						
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22	PROPOUNDING PARTY: Plainti	ff, DAVID HO						
23	RESPONDING PARTY: Defende	Defendant, ERNST & YOUNG LLP						
24	SET NO,: THREE							
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TO PLAINTIFF AND HIS ATTORNEYS OF RECORD:

Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 34, defendant Ernst & Young LLP ("Defendant" or "E&Y"), hereby objects and responds as follows to the Request for Production of Documents Set Three propounded by plaintiff David Ho ("Plaintiff").

I. PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

These responses reflect only the current status of Defendant's knowledge, understanding and belief respecting the matters about which inquiry has been made. Discovery in this action is continuing and, consequently, Defendant may not have yet identified all information responsive to this Request for Production of Documents ("Request"). As discovery in this action proceeds, Defendant anticipates that it may discover additional or different information or documents. Without in any way obligating itself to do so, Defendant reserves the right to amend, modify, supplement, clarify or further explain these responses and objections at any time in the future.

Furthermore, these responses are without prejudice to the right of Defendant to use or rely on at any time, any subsequently discovered information, or information omitted from these responses as a result of mistake, error, oversight or inadvertence. Defendant further reserves the right to provide additional information and evidence at any time, and to object on appropriate grounds to the introduction of any portion of these responses into evidence.

These responses are made solely for the purpose of and in relation to discovery conducted in this case. Each response is given subject to all appropriate objections (including but not limited to objections concerning competency, privacy, relevancy, specificity, overbreadth, undue burden, materiality, confidential proprietary or trade secret material, or admissibility), which would require the exclusion of any response contained herein. All such objections therefore are reserved and may be interposed at trial.

Defendant responds to these Requests as it interprets and understands them. If Plaintiff subsequently asserts an interpretation of any Request that differs from Defendant's understanding, Defendant reserves its right to supplement its objections and/or responses hercin.

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II. GENERAL OBJECTIONS

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The following general objections apply to each Request in Plaintiff's Request for Production of Documents Set Three, in addition to any objections that are addressed to particular Requests or subparts of particular Requests:

Defendant objects to the instructions and definitions set forth in Plaintiff's Requests to the extent they purport to alter Defendant's obligations under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 34. Defendant objects to each Request to the extent that it imposes any requirements beyond those of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. Such Requests are unduly burdensome and exceed the scope of permissible discovery. Defendant will comply with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

Defendant objects to each Request to the extent that it requires disclosure of matters and communications that are protected by the attorney-client privilege, work product doctrine, third parties' right to privacy or any other applicable privilege or immunity. To the extent a Request can be construed to seek privileged or exempt information, Defendant objects and will produce only non-privileged, nonexempt material.

Defendant objects to each Request to the extent that it requires Defendant to provide information and/or documents not presently in its possession, custody or control or to make inquiries of persons or other entities not affiliated with it.

Defendant's responses herein are based upon its understanding of the Requests propounded to it and are based upon and necessarily limited by the information in existence, presently recollected, and presently discovered during the course of preparing these responses. Defendant reserves the right to amend or supplement its responses in the event that its understanding and/or interpretation of any Request is different from that intended by Plaintiff, or in the event that additional information or documents are discovered.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 1:

Produce all documents that were used by the defendant that set forth (either as actual operating practices or suggested guidelines or practices) the sort of work duties that either were, or should have been, or were not to be, or should not have been, performed by persons similarly situated to the plaintiff. This request includes, but is not limited to, all memorandums [sic], policy statements,

instructions, or other documents or communications mentioning such work duties that were from.

given to, or relied upon, by those employees of the defendant who were responsible for managing and/or giving work assignments to the persons similarly situated to the plaintiff.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 1:

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Defendant objects to this Request on the ground that it is overbroad as to time and scope, unduly burdensome, and premature, including because a class has not been certified in this action. Defendant also objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for documents that are protected by attorney-client privilege and/or the work product doctrine. Defendant further objects to this Request on the ground that it is duplicative of Plaintiff's Request for Production No. 2 propounded in Plaintiff's Request For Production Set One. Defendant has already produced responsive documents that describe Plaintiff's job duties. Defendant further objects to this Request on the ground that it is vague and ambiguous as to the terms "sort of work duties that either were, or should have been, or were not to be, or should not have been, performed by persons similarly situated to the plaintiff" and "work duties that were from, given to, or relied upon, by those employees of the defendant who were responsible for managing and/or giving work assignments to the persons similarly situated to the plaintiff."

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Defendant responds that it will produce job description documents and evaluation forms that pertain to staffs 1 and 2 and seniors 1 and 2

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 2:

Produce copies of all "materials on the utilization rate and return."

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 2:

Defendant objects to this Request on the ground that it is vague and ambiguous as to the term "materials on the utilization rate and return." Defendant further objects to this Request on the ground that it is overbroad. Defendant also objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for documents that are protected by attorney-client privilege and/or the work product doctrine.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Defendant responds that it will produce a non-privileged responsive document that explains the utilization rate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 3:

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Provide copies of all documents mentioning complaints made to the defendant that the nature of the work performed by the persons similarly situated to the plaintiff was inappropriate and of a too menial or rote or low level basis, or was otherwise inappropriate, because such persons, based upon their education and/or experience and/or training and/or the representations made by defendant to such persons when they were hired by defendant, or for any other reason, should not be doing such work or that they should be doing work requiring more intellectual application or more non-repetitive mental exertion or the use of more independent judgement [sic] or discretion.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 3:

Defendant objects to this Request on the ground that it is overbroad as to time, unduly burdensome, lacks foundation, and is premature, including because a class has not been certified in this action. Defendant further objects to this Request on the ground that it is compound and vague and ambiguous as to the phrase "the nature of the work performed by the persons similarly situated to the plaintiff was inappropriate and of a too menial or rote or low level basis, or was otherwise inappropriate, because such persons, based upon their education and/or experience and/or training and/or the representations made by defendant to such persons when they were hired by defendant, or for any other reason, should not be doing such work or that they should be doing work requiring more intellectual application or more non-repetitive mental exertion or the use of more independent judgment or discretion." Defendant further objects to this Request to the extent it seeks information, the disclosure of which would constitute an unwarranted invasion of the affected person's constitutional, statutory, and common-law right of privacy and confidentiality. Defendant also objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for documents that are protected by attorney-client privilege and/or the work product doctrine. In addition, Defendant objects to this Request to the extent that it assumes, without factual basis, that there is a "nature of the work performed by the persons similarly situated to the plaintiff."

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 4:

Produce copies of all documents setting forth instances where defendant's clients objected to client time billings, the nature of such objections being, at least in part, that it was inappropriate to

charge such clients for the time consumed by the persons similarly situated to the plaintiff performing such work because of the nature of the work (tasks) performed by such persons and upon which such client time billings (at least in part) were based.

RESPONSE TO SPECIAL INTERROGATORY NO. 4:

Defendant objects to this Request on the ground that it is overbroad as to time, unduly burdensome, lacks foundation, and seeks information not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence, including because a class has not been certified in this action. Defendant further objects to this Request on the ground that it is vague and ambiguous as to the phrase "the nature of such objections being, at least in part, that it was inappropriate to charge such clients for the time consumed by the persons similarly situated to the plaintiff performing such work because of the nature of the work (tasks) performed by such persons and upon which such client time billings (at least in part) were based." In addition, Defendant objects to this Request to the extent that it assumes, without factual basis, that "it was inappropriate to charge such clients for the time consumed by the persons similarly situated to the plaintiff performing such work" and that there exist "persons similarly situated to the plaintiff performing such work."

AKIN GUMP STRAUSS HAUER & FELD LLP Catherine A. Conway Gregory W. Knopp

 $\mathbf{B}\mathbf{v}$

Gregory **K**nopp

S. Adam Spiewak

Attorneys for Defendant Ernst & Young LLP

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1 PROOF OF SERVICE 2 STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES 3 I am employed in the County of Los Angeles, State of California. I am over the age of 18 and not a party to the within action; my business address is: 2029 Century Park East, Suite 2400, Los 4 Angeles, California 90067. 5 On April 2, 2007 I served the foregoing document(s) described as: б DEFENDANT ERNST & YOUNG LLP'S RESPONSES TO PLAINTIFF'S REQUESTS FOR PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS 7 (SET THREE) 8 on the interested party(ies) below, using the following means: 9 Mark R. Thierman, Esq. Leon Greenberg, Esq. Attorney at Law 633 South 4th Street, Suite 9 10 THIERMAN LAW FIRM 7287 Lakeside Drive 11 Reno, Nevada 89511 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Telephone: 702.383.6085 Telephone: 775.284.1500 12 Facsimile: 775,703,5027 Facsimile: 702,385,1827 13 M BY UNITED STATES MAIL. I enclosed the documents in a scaled envelope or package addressed to the respective address(es) of the party(ies) stated above and placed the envelope(s) for collection and 14 mailing, following our ordinary business practices. I am readily familiar with the firm's practice of collection and processing correspondence for mailing. On the same day that correspondence is placed 15 for collection and mailing, it is deposited in the ordinary course of business with the United States Postal Service, in a sealed envelope with postage fully prepaid at Los Angeles, California. 16 17 (FEDERAL) I declare that I am employed in the office of a member of the bar of this court at whose direction the service was made. 18 Executed on April 2, 2007 at Los Angeles, California. 19 20 Shann Suff Sharon Cluff 21 Print Name of Person Executing Proof 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

EXHIBIT "C"

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1 Mark R. Thierman, SB# 72913 Leon Greenberg, SB# 226253 THIERMAN LAW FIRM 7287 Lakeside Drive Reno, NV 89511 Telephone (775) 284-1500 4 Attorneys for Plaintiffs 5 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 6 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 7 DAVID HO, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated and on behalf of the general public and DOES #1-20,

Case No. 05-04867-HRL

Plaintiffs,

-against-

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ERNST & YOUNG LLP

Defendants.

FIRST INTERROGATORIES OF THE PLAINTIFFS TO THE DEFENDANT

Pursuant to Rule 33 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure plaintiffs request that each defendant furnish sworn, separate and complete written answers to each interrogatory set forth herein to the Law Office of Leon Greenberg, Professional Corporation, attorney for plaintiffs, at 633 South 4th Street, Suite 9, Las Vegas, Nevada, 89101, which answers, according to Rule 33 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, should be made within thirty (30) days of the service of this Demand.

These interrogatories shall be deemed to continue beyond the date when the defendants serve their responses to the same, and defendants shall supplement their answers if further knowledge, information, or documents are acquired by the defendants, their agents, representatives or attorneys subsequent to the date of the original response.

DEFINITIONS AND INSTRUCTION

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- 1. If any request is deemed to call for the production privileged information provide the following information:
 - the reason for withholding the information; a.
- a statement of the basis for the claim of privilege, work product or other ground of non-disclosure
- If you contend that it would be unreasonably burdensome to obtain and provide any of the information called for in response to any of these requests, then in response to the appropriate request:
- produce and set forth all such information as is available to you without undertaking what you contend to be an unreasonable burden:
- describe with particularly the efforts made by b. you or on your behalf to secure such information including, without limitation, identification of persons consulted, description of files, records, and documents reviewed and identification of each person who participated in the gathering of such information with specification of the amount of time spent and nature of work done by each person; and
- state with particularity the ground on which you contend that additional efforts to obtain such information would be unreasonably burdensome.
- These requests should be considered to be continuing, and supplemental answers should be served as further information becomes available pursuant to Rule 26(e) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
- If any request herein cannot be complied with in full, it shall be complied with to the extent possible with an explanation as to why full compliance is not possible.

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- With respect to information that is responsive but is 5. withheld, the following additional information shall be provided:
 - the grounds asserted supporting the failure to produce;
- the factual basis for a claim of privilege and/or b) confidentiality;
- 6. The source or sources of the information provided in each interrogatory response shall be specifically identified.
- If in answering these requests, you claim any ambiguity in interpreting either the request or a definition or instruction applicable thereto, such claim shall not be utilized by you as a basis for refusing to respond, but there shall be set forth as part of the response the language deemed to be ambiguous and the interpretation chosen or used in responding to the request.
- 8. Unless otherwise specified, the time period covered by these demands is September 1, 2001 to the present.
- 9. The plural and singular tense shall be deemed to be used throughout these demands and definitions and responses shall be made as if demands were made in both the plural and singular tense regardless of how such demands are actually worded herein.
- The conjunctive and disjunctive tense ("and/or") is to be deemed used throughout these demands and definitions and defendants should respond to all demands as if they are made in both the conjunctive and disjunctive tense except in respect to those demands which clearly qualify a demand by using the conjunctive tense to narrow the scope of the material sought.
- The term "Defendants" refers to all defendants represented by the law office(s) receiving this request.
- 12. Persons "similarly situated" to the plaintiff, for the purpose of these requests, means:

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a) Persons employed by defendant in the State of California at anytime during the four years preceding the commencement of this action to the date of the defendant's response to these requests and who were paid on a salary basis (the term "salary basis" means they were not paid a fixed amount of compensation for each hour or portion thereof worked) and;

b) Were classified or denominated as working in non-management positions and/or as "client serving professionals" and described by "Department" or "Unit" or other office (such being Tax, Audit or another unit, department, or office) and "Staff 1" or "Staff 2" or "Staff 3" or "Senior 1" or "Senior 2" or "Senior 3" or "Financial Management Associates"

INTERROGATORIES

INTERROGATORY NO. 1. Identify the 7 persons that defendant believes have the most knowledge of the work typically performed, or assigned to, or undertaken by most of the persons who are (or were) similarly situated to the plaintiff and who worked in the defendant's Assurance and Advisory Business Services practice group. If any of those persons are believed to have more knowledge than others specify the persons with the greater knowledge, if all such persons are believed to have equal knowledge so state. In the event that defendant believes more than 7 persons have such a level of knowledge the defendant shall identify any such 7 persons with such level of knowledge who are still in the employ of the defendant and 7 such persons with such level of knowledge who are no longer in the employ of the defendant (if there are any such persons no longer in the employ of the defendant, and for all such persons no longer in

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the employ of the defendant the last known address of such persons shall be furnished).

ANSWER:

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INTERROGATORY NO. 2. Identify the 7 persons that defendant believes have the most knowledge of the work typically performed, or assigned to, or undertaken by most of the persons who are (or were) similarly situated to the plaintiff and who worked in neither the defendant's Assurance and Advisory Business Services practice group or Tax Services practice group. If any of those persons are believed to have more knowledge than others specify the persons with the greater knowledge, if all such persons are believed to have equal knowledge so state. In the event that defendant believes more than 7 persons have such a level of knowledge the defendant shall identify any such 7 persons with such level of knowledge who are still in the employ of the defendant and 7 such persons with such level of knowledge who are no longer in the employ of the defendant (if there are any such persons no longer in the employ of the defendant, and for all such persons no longer in the employ of the defendant the last known address of such persons shall be furnished).

25 ANSWER:

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INTERROGATORY NO. 3. Identify the 7 persons that defendant believes have the most knowledge of the work typically performed, or assigned to, or undertaken by most of the persons who are (or were) similarly situated to the plaintiff and who worked in the defendant's Tax Services practice group. If any of those persons are believed to have more knowledge than others specify the persons with the greater knowledge, if all such persons are believed to have equal knowledge so state. In the event that defendant believes more than 7 persons have such a level of knowledge the defendant shall identify any such 7 persons with such level of knowledge who are still in the employ of the defendant and 7 such persons with such level of knowledge who are no longer in the employ of the defendant (if there are any such persons no longer in the employ of the defendant, and for all such persons no longer in the employ of the defendant the last known address of such persons shall be furnished).

ANSWER:

INTERROGATORY NO. 4. Identify the 7 persons that defendant believes have the most knowledge of the tasks, duties, responsibilities, and work that the persons who are (or were) similarly situated to the plaintiff were *not* to perform or be assigned (such limitation(s) being imposed by the defendant as a matter of policy). If any of those persons are believed to have more knowledge than others

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specify the persons with the greater knowledge, if all such persons are believed to have equal knowledge so state. In the event that defendant believes more than 7 persons have such a level of knowledge the defendant shall identify any such 7 persons with such level of knowledge who are still in the employ of the defendant and 7 such persons with such level of knowledge who are no longer in the employ of the defendant (if there are any such persons no longer in the employ of the defendant, and for all such persons no longer in the employ of the defendant the last known address of such persons shall be furnished).

ANSWER:

INTERROGATORY NO. 5. Identify the 7 persons that defendant believes have the most knowledge of the defendant's hiring criteria for the persons similarly situated to the plaintiff, including the prior experience and/or education that was needed by most of the persons who are (or were) similarly situated to the plaintiff and who were hired by the defendant to work in the defendant's Assurance and Advisory Business Services practice group. If any of those persons are believed to have more knowledge than others specify the persons with the greater knowledge, if all such persons are believed to have equal knowledge so state. In the event that defendant believes more than 7 persons have such a level of knowledge the defendant

shall identify any such 7 persons with such level of knowledge who

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are still in the employ of the defendant and 7 such persons with such level of knowledge who are no longer in the employ of the defendant (if there are any such persons no longer in the employ of the defendant, and for all such persons no longer in the employ of the defendant the last known address of such persons shall be furnished).

ANSWER:

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INTERROGATORY NO. 6. Identify the 7 persons that defendant believes have the most knowledge of the defendant's hiring criteria for the persons similarly situated to the plaintiff, including the prior experience and/or education that was needed by most of the persons who are (or were) similarly situated to the plaintiff and who were hired by the defendant to work in the defendant's Tax Service practice group. If any of those persons are believed to have more knowledge than others specify the persons with the greater knowledge, if all such persons are believed to have equal knowledge In the event that defendant believes more than 7 persons so state. have such a level of knowledge the defendant shall identify any such 7 persons with such level of knowledge who are still in the employ of the defendant and 7 such persons with such level of knowledge who are no longer in the employ of the defendant (if there are any such persons no longer in the employ of the defendant, and for all such persons no longer in the employ of the defendant the last known address of such persons shall be furnished).

ANSWER:

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INTERROGATORY NO. 7. Identify the 7 persons that defendant believes have the most knowledge of the defendant's hiring criteria for the persons similarly situated to the plaintiff, including the prior experience and/or education that was needed by most of the persons who are (or were) similarly situated to the plaintiff and who were hired by the defendant to work in neither the defendant's Assurance and Advisory Business Services practice group nor its Tax Service practice group. If any of those persons are believed to have more knowledge than others specify the persons with the greater knowledge, if all such persons are believed to have equal knowledge In the event that defendant believes more than 7 persons have such a level of knowledge the defendant shall identify any such 7 persons with such level of knowledge who are still in the employ of the defendant and 7 such persons with such level of knowledge who are no longer in the employ of the defendant (if there are any such persons no longer in the employ of the defendant, and for all such persons no longer in the employ of the defendant the last known address of such persons shall be furnished). ANSWER:

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- INTERROGATORY NO. 8. Identify witnesses who may on the defendants' behalf offer expert testimony in connection with the trial of this matter, and for each such expert witness provide:
- a) The name, residential address, business address, qualifications and area of specialty of such expert witness;
- b) The substance of the facts and opinion to which said expert witness is expected to testify and the facts and/or grounds

1	upon which each witness bases his or her opinions; and
2	c) Identify all reports, letters, memos, correspondence and/or
3	documents of any kind prepared by or for each such witness with
4	regard to any matter at issue in this case.
5	ANSWER:
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9	INTERROGATORY NO. 8. Set forth the name and last known address of
10	each person similarly situated to the plaintiff who is no longer
11	employed by the defendant and for each such person specify their
12	position (job title(s) and department(s) employed in) while employed
13	by the defendant.
14	ANSWER:
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18	Dated: Clark County, Nevada February 7, 2007
19	1 Coldaly 17 2001
20	Respectfully submitted,
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22	Leon Greenberg, Esq.
23	LEON GREENBERG PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION THIERMAN LAW FIRM
24	Attorney for the Plaintiffs 633 South 4 th Street - Suite 9
25	Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 (702) 383-6085
26	Nevada Bar Number: 8094
27	
28	

EXHIBIT "D"

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Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 33, defendant Ernst & Young LLP ("Defendant" or "E&Y"), hereby objects and responds as follows to the Interrogatories Set One propounded by plaintiff David Ho ("Plaintiff").

L PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

This response reflects only the current status of Defendant's knowledge, understanding and belief respecting the matters about which inquiry has been made. Discovery in this action is ongoing and, consequently, Defendant may not have yet identified all information responsive to these interrogatories Set One ("Interrogatories"). As discovery in this action proceeds, Defendant anticipates that it may discover additional or different information or documents. Without in any way obligating itself to do so, Defendant reserves the right to amend, modify, supplement, clarify or further explain the response and objections at any time in the future.

Furthermore, this response is without prejudice to the right of Defendant to use or rely on at any time, on any subsequently discovered information, or information omitted from the response as a result of mistake, error, oversight or inadvertence. Defendant further reserves the right to provide additional information and evidence at any time, and to object on appropriate grounds to the introduction of any portion of the response into evidence.

This response is made solely for the purpose of and in relation to discovery conducted in this case. This response is given subject to all appropriate objections (including but not limited to objections concerning competency, privacy, relevancy, specificity, overbreadth, undue burden, materiality, confidential proprietary or trade secret material, or admissibility), which would require the exclusion of any response contained herein. All such objections therefore are reserved and may be interposed at trial.

Defendant responds to this Interrogatory as it currently interprets and understands it. If Plaintiff subsequently asserts an interpretation of the Interrogatory that differs from Defendant's understanding. Defendant reserves its right to supplement its objections and/or response herein.

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Й. RESPONSES TO INTERROGATORIES

INTERROGATORY NO. 1

Identify the 7 persons that defendant believes have the most knowledge of the work typically performed, or assigned to, or undertaken by most of the persons who are (or were) similarly situated to the plaintiff and who worked in the defendant's Assurance and Advisory Business Services practice group. If any of those persons are believed to have more knowledge than others specify the persons with the greater knowledge, if all such persons are believed to have equal knowledge so state. In the event that defendant believes more than 7 persons have such a level of knowledge the defendant shall identify any such 7 persons with such level of knowledge who are still in the employ of the defendant and 7 such persons with such level of knowledge who are no longer in the employ of the defendant (if there are any such persons no longer in the employ of the defendant, and for all such persons no longer in the employ of the defendant the last known address of such persons shall be furnished).

RESPONSE TO INTERROGATORY NO. 1

Defendant objects to this Interrogatory on the ground that it is overbroad as to scope and time and unduly burdensome to the extent that it seeks the names of seven individuals. Defendant further objects to this Interrogatory on the ground that it is vague and ambiguous as to the term "similarly situated to the plaintiff and who worked in Defendant's Assurance and Advisory business Services." Defendant is unaware of anyone who worked in AABS who is similarly situated to plaintiff, a Senior in International Tax. In addition Defandant objects to this Interrogatory to the extent that it assumes, without factual basis, that there is "work typically performed, or assigned to, or undertaken by" any group of persons. Defendant further objects to this Interrogatory to the extent that it seeks information that would more properly be obtained by noticing depositions under Rule 30(b)(6).

INTERROGATORY NO. 2

Identify the 7 persons that defendant believes have the most knowledge of the work typically performed, or assigned to, or undertaken by most of the persons who are (or were) similarly situated to the plaintiff and who worked in neither the defendant's Assurance and Advisory Business Services practice group or Tax Services practice group. If any of those persons are believed to have more knowledge than others specify the persons with the greater knowledge, if all such persons are believed

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to have equal knowledge so state. In the event that defendant believes more than 7 persons have such a level of knowledge the defendant shall identify any such 7 persons with such level of knowledge who are still in the employ of the defendant and 7 such persons with such level of knowledge who are no longer in the employ of the defendant (if there are any such persons no longer in the employ of the defendant, and for all such persons no longer in the employ of the defendant the last known address of such persons shall be furnished).

RESPONSE TO INTERROGATORY NO. 2

Defendant objects to this Interrogatory on the ground that it is overbroad as to scope and time and unduly burdensome to the extent that it seeks the names of seven individuals. Defendant further objects to this Interrogatory on the ground that it is vague and ambiguous as to the term "similarly situated to the plaintiff and who worked in neither the defendant's Assurance and Advisory Business Services practice group or [sic] Tax Services practice group." Defendant is unaware of anyone who worked in neither AABS nor Tax who is similarly situated to plaintiff, a Senior in International Tax. Defendant also objects to this Interrogatory to the extent that it assumes, without factual basis, that there is "work typically performed, or assigned to, or undertaken by" any group of persons. Defendant further objects to this Interrogatory to the extent that it seeks information that would more properly be obtained by noticing depositions under Rule 30(b)(6).

INTERROGATORY NO. 3

Identify the 7 persons that defendant believes have the most knowledge of the work typically performed, or assigned to, or undertaken by most of the persons who are (or were) similarly situated to the plaintiff and who worked in the defendant's Tax Services practice group. If any of those persons are believed to have more knowledge than others specify the persons with the greater knowledge, if all such persons are believed to have equal knowledge so state. In the event that defendant believes more than 7 persons have such a level of knowledge the defendant shall identify any such 7 persons with such level of knowledge who are still in the employ of the defendant and 7 such persons with such level of knowledge who are no longer in the employ of the defendant (if there are any such persons no longer in the employ of the defendant, and for all such persons no longer in the employ of the defendant the last known address of such persons shall be furnished).

RESPONSE TO INTERROGATORY NO. 3

Defendant objects to this Interrogatory on the ground that it is overbroad as to scope and time and unduly burdensome to the extent that it seeks the names of seven individuals. Defendant further objects to this Interrogatory on the ground that it is vague and ambiguous as to the term "similarly situated to the plaintiff." Defendant also objects to this Interrogatory to the extent that it assumes, without factual basis, that there is "work typically performed, or assigned to, or undertaken by" any group of persons. Defendant further objects to this Interrogatory to the extent that it seeks information that would more properly be obtained by noticing depositions under Rule 30(b)(6).

INTERROGATORY NO. 4

Identify the 7 persons that defendant believes have the most knowledge of the tasks, duties, responsibilities, and work that the persons who are (or were) similarly situated to the plaintiff were not to perform or be assigned (such limitation(s) being imposed by the defendant as a matter of policy). If any of those persons are believed to have more knowledge than others specify the persons with the greater knowledge, if all such persons are believed to have equal knowledge so state. In the event that defendant believes more than 7 persons have such a level of knowledge the defendant shall identify any such 7 persons with such level of knowledge who are still in the employ of the defendant and 7 such persons with such level of knowledge who are no longer in the employ of the defendant (if there are any such persons no longer in the curploy of the defendant, and for all such persons no longer in the employ of the defendant the last known address of such persons shall be furnished).

RESPONSE TO INTERROGATORY NO. 4

Defendant objects to this Interrogatory on the ground that it is overbroad as to scope and time and unduly burdensome to the extent that it seeks the names of seven individuals. Defendant further objects to this Interrogatory on the ground that it is vague and ambiguous as to the term "similarly situated to the plaintiff." Defendant also objects to this Interrogatory to the extent that it assumes, without factual basis, that there are "tasks, duties, responsibilities, and work that [a group of individuals] were not to perform or be assigned (such limitation(s) being imposed by the defendant as a matter of policy". Defendant further objects to this Interrogatory to the extent that it seeks information that would more properly be obtained by noticing depositions under Rule 30(b)(6).

Identify the 7 persons that defendant believes have the most knowledge of the defendant's

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RESPONSE TO INTERROGATORY NO. 5

persons shall be furnished).

Defendant objects to this Interrogatory on the ground that it is overbroad as to scope and time and unduly burdensome to the extent that it seeks the names of seven individuals. Defendant further objects to this Interrogatory on the ground that it is vague and ambiguous as to the term "similarly situated to the plaintiff and who were hired by the defendant to work in the defendant's Assurance and Advisory Business Services practice group." Defendant is unaware of anyone who was hired to work in AABS who is similarly situated to plaintiff, a Senior in International Tax. Defendant also objects to this Interrogatory to the extent that it assumes, without factual basis, that there is "work typically performed, or assigned to, or undertaken by" any group of persons. Defendant further objects to this Interrogatory to the extent that it seeks information that would more properly be obtained by noticing depositions under Role 30(b)(6).

and for all such persons no longer in the employ of the defendant the last known address of such

INTERROGATORY NO. 6

Identify the 7 persons that defendant believes have the most knowledge of the defendant's hiring criteria for the persons similarly situated to the plaintiff, including the prior experience and/or education that was needed by most of the persons who are (or were) similarly situated to the plaintiff

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and who were hired by the defendant to work in the defendant's Tax Service practice group. If any of those persons are believed to have more knowledge than others specify the persons with the greater knowledge, if all such persons are believed to have equal knowledge so state. In the event that defendant believes more than 7 persons have such a level of knowledge the defendant shall identify any such 7 persons with such level of knowledge who are still in the employ of the defendant and 7 such persons with such level of knowledge who are no longer in the employ of the defendant (if there are any such persons no longer in the employ of the defendant, and for all such persons no longer in the employ of the defendant the last known address of such persons shall be furnished).

RESPONSE TO INTERROGATORY NO. 6

Defendant objects to this Interrogatory on the ground that it is overbroad as to scope and time and unduly burdensome to the extent that it seeks the names of seven individuals. Defendant further objects to this Interrogatory on the ground that it is vague and ambiguous as to the term "similarly situated to the plaintiff and who were hired by the defendant to work in the defendant's Tax Service practice group." Defendant also objects to this Interrogatory to the extent that it assumes, without factual basis, that there is "work typically performed, or assigned to, or undertaken by" any group of persons. Defendant further objects to this Interrogatory to the extent that it seeks information that would more properly be obtained by noticing depositions under Rule 30(b)(6).

INTERROGATORY NO. 7

Identify the 7 persons that defendant believes have the most knowledge of the defendant's hiring criteria for the persons similarly situated to the plaintiff, including the prior experience and/or education that was needed by most of the persons who are (or were) similarly situated to the plaintiff and who were hired by the defendant to work in neither the defendant's Assurance and Advisory Business Services practice group nor its Tax Service practice group. If any of those persons are believed to have more knowledge than others specify the persons with the greater knowledge, if all such persons are believed to have equal knowledge so state. In the event that defendant believes more than 7 persons have such a level of knowledge the defendant shall identify any such 7 persons with such level of knowledge who are still in the employ of the defendant and 7 such persons with such level of knowledge who are no longer in the employ of the defendant (if there are any such persons no

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27 28 defendant the last known address of such persons shall be furnished).

longer in the employ of the defendant, and for all such persons no longer in the employ of the

RESPONSE TO INTERROGATORY NO. 7

Defendant objects to this Interrogatory on the ground that it is overbroad as to scope and time and unduly burdensome to the extent that it seeks the names of seven individuals. Defendant further objects to this Interrogatory on the ground that it is vague and ambiguous as to the term "similarly situated to the plaintiff and who were hired by the defendant to work in neither the defendant's Assurance and Advisory Business Services practice group nor its Tax Service practice group." Defendant is unaware of anyone who worked in neither AABS nor Tax who is similarly situated to plaintiff, a Senior in International Tax. Defendant also objects to this Interrogatory to the extent that it assumes, without factual basis, that there is "work typically performed, or assigned to, or undertaken by" any group of persons. Defendant further objects to this Interrogatory to the extent that it seeks information that would more properly be obtained by noticing depositions under Rule 30(b)(6).

INTERROGATORY NO. 8

Identify witnesses who may on the defendants' behalf offer expert testimony in connection with the trial of this matter, and for each such expert witness provide:

- a) The name, residential address, business address, qualifications and area of specialty of such expert witness:
- b) The substance of the facts and opinion to which said expert witness is expected to testify and the facts and/or grounds upon which each witness bases his or her opinions; and
- c) Identify all reports, letters, memos, correspondence and/or documents of any kind prepared by or for each such witness with regard to any matter at issue in this case.

RESPONSE TO INTERROGATORY NO. 8

Defendant objects to this Interrogatory on the ground that it is premature.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Defendant responds as follows:

Defendant has not at this time identified any witnesses who may offer expert testimony in connection with the trial of this matter. Defendant expressly reserves its right to identify such witness(es) at a later date, and will supplement its response to this Interrogatory accordingly.

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INTERROGATORY NO. 8 [INCORRECTLY NUMBERED IN ORIGINAL]

Set forth the name and last known address of each person similarly situated to the plaintiff who is no longer employed by the defendant and for each such person specify their position (job title (s) and department(s) employed in) while employed by the defendant.

RESPONSE TO INTERROGATORY NO. 8 [INCORRECTLY NUMBERED IN ORIGINAL]

Defendant objects to this Interrogatory on the ground that it is unduly burdensome. Defendant further objects to this Interrogatory to the extent that it seeks information that is not relevant to the subject matter of this dispute and is not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Defendant further objects to this Interrogatory on the ground that it is overbroad and premature because a class has not been certified in this action. Defendant further objects to this Interrogatory on the ground that it violates third-party rights to privacy. Defendant also objects to this Interrogatory on the ground that it is duplicative of discovery sought as part of Request for Production No. 7.

Dated: Mark 1200

AKIN GUMP STRAUSS HAUER & FELD LLP Catherine A. Conway Gregory W. Knopp S. Adam Spiewak

By Chegory W. Knopp

Attorneys for Regendant Erns & Young LLP

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PROOF OF SERVICE

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STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

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I am employed in the County of Los Angeles, State of California. I am over the age of 18 and not a party to the within action; my business address is: 2029 Century Park East, Suite 2400, Los Angeles, California 90067.

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On March 12, 2007, I served the foregoing document(s) described as:

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DEFENDANT'S RESPONSES TO PLAINTIFF'S FIRST SET OF INTERROGATORIES on the interested party(ies) below, using the following means:

8 9 Mark R. Thierman, Esq. THIERMAN LAW FIRM 7287 Lakeside Drive Reno, Nevada 89511

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Facsimile: 775.703.5027

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Telephone: 775.284.1500

BY UNITED STATES MAIL. I enclosed the documents in a sealed envelope or package addressed to the respective address(es) of the party(ies) stated above and placed the envelope(s) for collection and mailing, following our ordinary business practices. I am readily familier with the firm's practice of collection and processing correspondence for mailing. On the same day that correspondence is placed for collection and mailing, it is deposited in the ordinary course of business with the United States Postal Service, in a scaled envelope with postage fully prepaid at Los Angeles, California.

(FEDERAL) I declare that I am employed in the office of a member of the bar of this court at whose direction the service was made.

Executed on March 12, 2007 at Los Angeles, California.

TANIA-LEE BAYLISS	
Print Name of Person Executing Proof]	Signe

EXHIBIT "E"

1 2 3 4	Mark R. Thierman, SB# 72913 Leon Greenberg, SB# 226253 THIERMAN LAW FIRM 7287 Lakeside Drive Reno, NV 89511 Telephone (775) 284-1500
5	Attorneys for Plaintiffs
6 7	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
8	DAVID HO, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated and on behalf of the general public and DOES #1-20,
10	Plaintiffs,
11	-against-
12	-against-
13	ERNST & YOUNG LLP
14	Defendants.
15	X
16	DECLARATION OF LEON GREENBERG, ESQ.
17	Leon Greenberg, hereby affirms, under the penalties of perjury,
18	that:
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20	1. I am a member of the bar of this Court and the attorney
21	for the plaintiff in this case. I am offering this declaration to
22	detail my good faith efforts to avoid motion practice over the
23	parties' current discovery dispute (involving the plaintiff's third
24	request for production of documents and the plaintiff's first
25	interrogatory request for identification of witnesses).
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27	2. On March 19, 2007, I corresponded in detail with the
28	defendant's counsel about the deficiencies in their response to the
	I actematic a compact apone the activities to their response to the

plaintiff's first set of interrogatories. Subsequent to that date I telephoned the defendant's counsel and spoke with them on several different occasions about that issue (including on March 21, 2007, March 27, 2007, and subsequently). Defendant's counsel has vaguely represented to me a I would receive some sort of further and unspecified response to such interrogatories, but I have not yet received any such response nor any assurance that such a response will fully comply with such requests.

- 3. On April 17, 2007, I wrote by fax to the defendant's counsel setting forth in detail the deficiencies of their response to the plaintiff's third request for production of documents. I also telephoned such counsel and left a message urging them to call me to discuss and resolve such issues. In both that message and such correspondence I advised defendant's counsel that in one week's time I would submit a motion to compel the documents being sought if the issue was not resolved cooperatively by counsel. Defendant's counsel has not seen fit to either telephone me to discuss such production or respond to my letter.
- 4. I am filing this motion seven (7) days after notifying the defendant's counsel of the deficiency of their document production response (and over one month after advising them of the deficiency of their interrogatory response). Under the circumstances this is appropriate because:
 - i) Defendant's counsel has either not conferred at all

about this discovery or has not given any clear indication that it has any intention of changing its position and that it will provide the requested discovery;

ii) Discovery is set to close in this case, for the purposes of class certification, no later then July 26, 2007 (plaintiff having to present its motion for class certification on July 27, 2007). That is an extremely short period of time as very little discovery has actually been conducted. This time frame (which defendant's counsel has, so far, refused to extend despite my request) simply does not allow for the parties to take weeks to discuss their discovery positions before seeking a ruling from the Court.

iii) Defendant's counsel's previous suggestions that the parties "confer" about discovery matters has led to a substantial delay in moving discovery forward in this litigation. Specifically, defendant's counsel took 37 days to finally advise plaintiff's counsel it would not produce certain vitally important time/billing records. That issue is now the subject of a motion to compel that is before the Court (Docket # 40). The presentation of that motion was unreasonably delayed by such dilatory conduct by the defendant (Docket #40, Ex. "D", ¶ 6).

iv) Defendant's counsel, despite being aware of the very

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short discovery schedule in this case, has not acted in a diligent and prompt fashion to expedite discovery. It waited the maximum amount of time to respond to the plaintiff's third request for production of documents and then served by mail a response objecting to any production (which response took two weeks to arrive at the plaintiff's counsel's office). This conduct by defendant's counsel, if not intentionally undertaken to deny discovery (by letting the discovery schedule "clock run out"), manifests a lackadaisical, and inappropriate, approach to resolving discovery issues in light of the parties' discovery schedule. Defendant's counsel could have, and should have, contacted plaintiff's counsel within days of its receipt of the plaintiff's requests and conferred with plaintiff's counsel on an expedited basis. Having neglected to do so it cannot be heard to now complain, under the circumstances of this case, that it has not been afforded a sufficient opportunity to "confer" about this matter.

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I have read the foregoing, which is true and correct.

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Affirmed this 23rd Day of April, 2007

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/s/

Leon Greenberg

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE I hereby certify that on the 23rd day of APRIL, 2007, a copy of the foregoing Plaintiff's Third Motion to Compel Production of Documents and Information from Defendant for hearing on May 29, 2007 and exhibits and proposed order were filed with the District Court's CM/ECF system and thus properly forwarded to all counsel through that I further certify that there are no counsel or parties appearing in this case who are not registered CM/ECF users and who would require service by mail of such materials. Affirmed this 23rd day of April, 2007 /s/ Leon Greenberg

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